

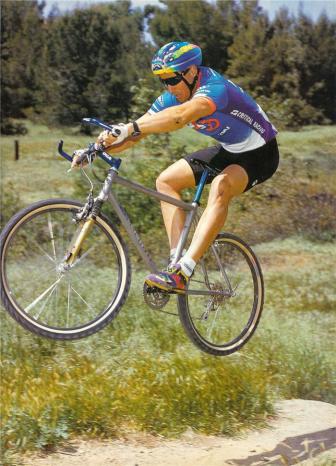
RALEIGH MTi-200 Titanium for the proletariat

We have been hearing about it for about two years now. The folks from Raleigh America told us that the blokes from Raleigh England were eying Russia's titanium reserves just as the Iron Curtain was beginning to crumble. While short on consumer goods, Russia, we were told, was home to the world's largest titanium reserve-and, what with the Cold War beginning to wind down, the Soviet Union was faced with a huge military/industrial complex that no longer had any real vital purpose. Just like their American titanium mill counterparts, who were soon looking in different directions for any type of work, someone mentioned "mountain bikes" to a member of the Politburo and, sure enough, the world had a new titanium Russian titanium—nothing gets the American industry as fired up as talking about their newfound foreign competition. However, mention Russian titanium to any titanium techie and you will hear immediate screams that the all popular 3/2.5 titanium used for American-made bikes does not exist in the Ural Mountains. True, true. Then they will go on about how dysfunctional the Russian political scene is, and how we shouldn't reward our former enemy, how the Russians wear funny hast, how there's no good Mexican food in Moscow, and how.

IT'S A MYSTERY

What angle does Raleigh use to sell their Russian titanium mountain bike? Raleigh Product Manager Doug Barchek says simply, and without hesitation, "ValUs versus them: Our MTT-200 weighed in at 25 ib. and handled most of the obstacles thrown at it. Test riders felt the rearend was a bit on the soft side. Unlike the American-made bikes that are made from 3/2.5 tubing, the Raleigh uses a commercial grade that's chemically treated to make it stronger. ▶

ue." In fact, Doug is equally as quick to admit that the like does not share the inherent beauty of its American country parts. No, the Raleigh MT-200 does not stand equal to the weld quality made rous your image reflected on the top tube as your image reflected on the top tube as alize that our blue is not as pretty as those bikes," admits Barchek, "but we're not going after that market. We designed the





The big question: Raleigh is touting its Russian titanium as an inexpensive alternative to the American-made bikes. The high-end parts list drives the MTI-200's price up to a not-so-inexpensive \$2999. They do offer a lower-priced alternative in the MTI-100 for \$1575, which sounds like a good deal.

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MTi-200 to stand on its own in terms of performance, and to exceed all others in terms of value."

That's all fine and dandy, but if it's not made from 3/2.5, what is it made from? Doug was only able to tell us (via a prewritten statement) that the Russian titanium "has been modified by the controlled amounts of dissolved oxygen and nitrogen in a solid solution which is used to harden and strengthen the material." In other words, the titanium is (most likely) of a commercially pure grade which is treated to make it more like the proven 3/2.5. Sandvik engineer Steve Meredith said that "oxygen is a powerful strengthener in titanium, and while it can increase the tube's strength, it also decreases its ductility." However, as opinionated as the American vendors were about the Russian material (many have visited Russia to talk about bike production). none could be certain on all the details of the Russkies' program.

WHAT DO WE KNOW?

Apparently, Raleigh formed a partnership with the Russian government for an exclusive arrangement to use their titanium. Once taken from the Russian factories, the titanium tubes are shipped to Raleigh Special Products Division in Nottingham, England, where they are set upon by a combination of human and robotic plasma ARC welders (humans handle the small rear triangle joints and the robots handle the front triangle).

Raleigh makes the bike available in 4.5-, 16.5-, 18.5- and 20.5-inch sizes, measured center to center. Our 18.5-inch test bike actually measured in at 19.5 inches when measured center to top. The bike had 16.75-inch chainstays, a 42.25-inch wheelbase, a 12-inch-tall bottom bracket and a 22.68-inch sort post tube. He day and dat an apple to tube. The day of the

JUST ASK COMRADE TOMAC

Though it might have taken them a couple of years to catch on, Raleigh is now making good use of the John Tomac name. Until recently, the only bike they offered with Tomac's name applied was the \$6000 carbon fiber/titanium signature model. In the April issue of MBA, we tested Raleigh's MT-500 which, although not a Tomac-endorsed bike, shared the geometry used by the Tomes. Only the bikes that Johnny T endorses can get his name on the frame. You will find the modern cowboy's script signature on the top tube of every MTi-200, because Johnny not only endorses the bike, but he has also already won some races on one (Australian downhill championships,

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Milano mountain bike supercross). Although Tomac has about as much concern for the needs of the masses as does Donald Trump, it's nice to see his name on a bike that's intended to be an affordable race bik.

With Tomac's name plastered on the bike, Raleigh decided to use as many of the same products as does the Tomes. To that end, you will find an array of Tioga products on the bike, including their new Revolver crankset, Psycho tires, DL2000 aluminum handlebars, Power Stub Bonds and a Tioga Alchemy headset. You can be also thanks the study of t

WHAT KIND OF VALUE?

So after all this talk about what a great deal the Russian itianium is, just how much is the MTI-2007 We think it's kind of expensive at \$2999, No doubt the parts list is what helps elevate the price, but for \$500 less you can get the made-in-America \$J2.3 Diamond Back Axis with a comparable parts group, only without the suspande parts group, only without the suspin the suspanded parts and the suspension of the suspin the suspanded by the suspan

of price we had in mind when we heard Russian titanium was going to be able to provide lower-priced titanium mountain bikes. Too bad we didn't get to test one of those. Both bikes do share the same frame which uses a frame monostay rear end, doesn't use a chainstay bridge and enjoys ample amounts of chainstay crimping for increased tire and chainring clearance.

When it came time to mix the Russian titanium with the American soil, the bike fared well. We rode the MTi-200 alongside a carbon signature model and found the 1.5-pound weight difference a real advantage on the titanium model. The bike handled well, but test riders thought the carbon bike was both stiffer and a tad more precise. When traversing diagonally across a series of rain ruts, the MTi-200 rekindled opinions of older titanium bikes in that the year and felt on the soft, somewhat mushy side. As with a few bikes we have ridden that have the Dia-Compe Aheadset, we suffered loosening problems with the Tioga threadless system. We also got a bit of creaking out of the splined Revolver crank. Most riders would have also preferred a slightly lower rise stem. The SunTour suspension hub was a cool spec and did as it was supposed to and

noticeably tightened up the front end.

When pressed for their opinion, MBA
test riders welcomed the MTi-200 into
their stable. Already light at 25 pounds,



Beauty contest: No, the Raleigh's welds are not as even as any of those found on an American-made bike, but for the lower price, you are not supposed to care. We liked the chainstays' bridgeless design, but we didn't like the creaking noises of the Tioza Revolver cranks.

the bike could easily be made even lighter, though three was little to be done about making the rear end any stiffer. Like we said earlier, we would like to have gotten our hands on the lowerpriced MTi-100, because that bike really reflects the concept of a titanium bike for the masses. Despite opinion (from both Raleigh's and Boris Yeltsin's competition) that any deal with Russin is questionable due to the political instability, the flow of Russian titanium is open for the time being, and Raleigh is selling the bikes. Borscht, anyone?